

17504

14115

3 Hours / 100 Marks

Seat No.

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Instructions – (1) All Questions are *Compulsory*.

- (2) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- (5) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

	Marks
1. a) Attempt any <u>THREE</u> of the following:	12
(i) Explain the process of hydration of cement.	
(ii) What are the special properties of low heat cement and white cement? State where they are used.	
(iii) Explain the procedure to determine standard consistency of cement.	
(iv) What is the meaning of 33 grade 43 grade and 53 grade cement? State where they are used.	
b) Attempt any <u>ONE</u> of the following:	6
(i) Explain the stepwise procedure to determine bulking of sand and draw nature of graph showing maximum percentage bulking.	
(ii) State procedure for application of load on coarse aggregate in crushing and impact test.	

2. Attempt any FOUR of the following: **16**

- a) State the different grades of concrete as per provisions of IS 456-2000 and explain their properties.
- b) State Duff Abraham W/C law. State the significance of W/C ratio with regards to strength of concrete with the help of graph.
- c) Define workability of concrete. State any three factors affecting workability of concrete.
- d) Explain stepwise procedure of compaction factor test.
- e) Write objectives of mix design of concrete. List any three methods of concrete mix design.
- f) Explain how ultrasonic pulse velocity test is conducted and write specification to decide quality of concrete.

3. Attempt any FOUR of the following: **16**

- a) Classify coarse aggregate based on size and shape and explain how it affects strength of concrete.
- b) Explain procedure to find specific gravity of fine aggregate is determined?
- c) Write stepwise procedure to find fineness modulus of coarse aggregate.
- d) Explain Los Angeles method of abrasion value determination for coarse aggregate and also write IS requirements for this value.
- e) State the working principle of rebound hammer and write any two factors affecting rebound index.

4. a) **Attempt any THREE of the following:** 12

- (i) Enlist the various concrete operations in sequence and explain any one in detail.
- (ii) State what is batching. What are the two types of batching?
- (iii) Draw a figure of form work used for column. Also state stripping time of form work for beam and slab.
- (iv) What are the precautions to be taken while transportation of concrete?

b) **Attempt any ONE of the following:** 6

- (i) Explain any three methods of curing of concrete.
- (ii) State any two methods of water proofing and explain any one method.

5. **Attempt any FOUR of the following:** 16

- a) What is an admixture? State any four admixtures used in concrete.
- b) State any four properties of high performance concrete.
- c) What are the precautions to be taken while concreting under extreme cold conditions.
- d) State difference between retarding admixtures and accelerating admixtures.
- e) Compare air entraining admixtures with super plasticisers.
- f) What is light weight concrete? Where it is used?

- 6. Attempt any FOUR of the following:** **16**
- a) State any four requirements for good form work.
 - b) Explain any one method of joining old and new concrete.
 - c) Explain the significance of water reducing admixture in concrete with respect to properties of concrete.
 - d) What is ready mix concrete? State any four advantages of RMC.
 - e) What is segregation and bleeding? Suggest any two ways by which segregation and bleeding can be avoided.
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