4 Hours/100 Marks	Seat No.
Instructions :	<ul> <li>(1) All questions are compulsory.</li> <li>(2) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever</li> </ul>

- necessary.
- (3) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.
- (4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- (5) **Use** of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is **permissible**.
- (6) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are **not permissible** in Examination Hall.

	(S
1. A) Attempt any three :	2
a) Draw graphical symbols as per IS 968-1989 :	
i) Glass	
ii) Wood work	
iii) Brick work	
iv) Concrete.	
b) Draw any four types of line used in drawing.	
c) Define :	
i) Roominess	
ii) Privacy.	
d) State minimum dimensions for :	
i) Kitchen	
ii) Garage	
iii) Bathroom with attached W.C.	
iv) W.C.	
B) Draw a line plan of a college canteen. Approximate built up area is 200 sq m	8
b) Bran a mic plan of a conege carreer. Approximate sam ap area to 200 sq.m.	-

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- 2. Figure No. 1 shows line plan of a residential building. Draw to a scale of 1 : 50 the following views. Show all dimensions and label parts.
  - i) Developed plan.

ii) Section along AB.

12

8 8

- iii) Front elevation.
  - a) Depth of foundation below G.L 1.10 m
  - b) Plinth height above G.L 600 mm
  - c) Height of bottom of slab from floor level 3000 mm
  - d) Slab thickness 125 mm
  - e) Chajja projection 600 mm
  - f) Thickness of all walls 150 mm
  - g) Assume suitable positions for windows.

Assume suitable any other data, if required.



Figure No. 1 (Q. No. 2 and Q. No. 1)

#### 3. Attempt any three:

a) Draw to a suitable scale foundation plan for a building shown in figure no. 1 Q. No. 2 footing size  $C_1 = 900 \times 1200$ ;  $C_2 = 900 \times 1500$ .

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- b) Write suitable construction notes for the building shown in figure no. 1.
- c) Define built up area and carpet area. Calculate built up area of a building show in figure no. 1. Also calculate carpet area for same building.
- d) What is the purpose of perspective drawing? What do you mean by a station point and vanishing point in perspective drawing? Also state the principles used in perspective drawing.

### 4. Attempt any two :

16

12

- a) Draw a plan and section of a single flight of a R.C.C. stair case from following data :
  - i) Number risers 10 of 150 mm height.
  - ii) Number of trades 9 of 275 mm width.
  - iii) Width of stair case is 1000 mm.
  - iv) Landing at top is  $1000 \text{ mm} \times 1000 \text{ mm}$ .
  - v) Waist slab 125 mm thk.
- b) Explain with example the aspect and prospect. State your comments on aspect of a residential building shown in figure No. 1 (Q. No. 2).
- c) What do you mean by F.S.I. ? Calculate F.S.I. remaining and F.S.I. consumed for the building shown in figure No. 1. The plot is  $15 \text{ M} \times 25 \text{ M}$ . F.S.I. permissible in this case is one.
- 5. a) Draw to a suitable scale a two point perspective drawing for pedestal shown in Fig. 2. Assume eye level 1.4 M. above G.L.



OR

MARKS

24

Marks

b) Draw to a suitable scale a two point perspective assuming eye level 1.4 M. for a drawing shown in Figure No. 3.



Figure No. 3 (Q. No. 5. b)